But Pell grants have failed to keep up with the times. When it was created, the Pell grant covered more than 75 percent of the average cost of attendance at a 4-year public college. Today, Pell grants cover less than 30 percent of these expenses. This means that students are forced to take on student loans, exacerbating the student loan debt crisis. Fourty-five million Americans owe \$1.7 trillion in student loan debt, which is second only to mortgages as the largest category of consumer debt.

Doubling the Pell grant would be an investment in our Nation's future and would help ensure students can access higher education. At the same time, the for-profit college industry—an industry with a track record of preying on low-income students-must continue to be held accountable so students and taxpayers are not being ripped off. The for-profit college industry enrolls only 8 percent of all postsecondary students in America, but accounts for 30 percent of all Federal student loan defaults. Too often, students and taxpayers are left holding the bag.

As we celebrate the 50th anniversary of Pell grants, I urge my colleagues to support low-income students by increasing these grants to cover a greater amount of college expenses and ensuring the most vulnerable students are protected from fraudulent for-profit colleges.

BUDGETARY REVISIONS

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President. S. Con. Res. 14, the fiscal year 2022 congressional budget resolution, included a reserve fund in section 3003 to allow the chairman of the Committee on the Budget to revise budget aggregates and committee allocations for legislation that would not increase the deficit over the period of fiscal years 2022 to 2031.

The Senate will soon consider S. 2938, the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, as proposed to be amended by Senate Amendment No. 5099, which meets the condition of not increasing the deficit over the relevant 10-year period. As such, I am filing a revision to the aggregates and committee allocations under the budget resolution, which were last revised on April 7, as well as the Senate pay-as-you-go scorecard. Specifically, the Congressional Budget Office estimates that Division A of the bill would increase 2022 budget authority by \$7.5 billion and increase 2022 outlays by \$1 million but decrease spending over the 5- and 10-year windows. Over the 2022-2026 period, the bill would decrease spending by \$5.7 billion and increase revenues by \$4 million. Over the 2022-2031 period, the bill would decrease spending by \$5.3 billion and increase revenue by \$10 million. Division B of the bill appropriates additional discretionary spending, but that spending is designated as an emergency and not subject to budget enforcement.

I ask unanimous consent that the accompanying tables, which provide details about the adjustment, be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

REVISIONS TO BUDGET AGGREGATES-BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS

(Pursuant to Section 3003 of S. Con. Res. 14, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2022) (\$ in billions)

	2022
Current Spending Aggregates:	,
Budget Authority	4,169.593
Outlays	4,503.538
Adjustment:	
Budget Authority	7.097
Outlays	-0.340
Revised Aggregates:	
Budget Authority	4,176.690
Outlays	4,503.198

Note: Adjustments reflect the mandatory costs in Division A of S. 2938, the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, as proposed to be amended by Senate Amendment 5099. The discretionary spending in Division B is designated as an emergency and not subject to budget enforcement. Adjustment also revises a previous program integrity adjustment to exclude off-budget amounts appropriated for SSDI.

REVISIONS TO BUDGET REVENUE AGGREGATES

(Pursuant to Section 3003 of S. Con. Res. 14, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2022)

(\$ in billions)

	2022	2022–2026	2026-2031
Current Revenue Aggregates	3,409.875	17,817.012	39,007.531
Adjusments	0.000	0.004	0.010
Revised Revenue Aggregates	3,409.875	17,817.016	39,007.541

REVISIONS TO ALLOCATION TO SENATE COMMITTEES

(Pursuant to Section 3003 of S. Con. Res. 14, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2022)

(\$ in billions)

	2022	2022-2026	2026-2031
Judiciary:			
Budget Authority	19.326	90.419	183.057
Outlays	18.598	92.358	183.989
Adjustments:			
Budget Authority	7.53	-5.702	-5.298
Outlays	0.001	-5.715	-5.308
Revised allocation:			
Budget Authority	26.829	84.717	177.759
Outlays	18.599	86.643	178.681

Note: Adjustments reflect the mandatory costs and savings in Division A of S. 2938, the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, as proposed to be amended by Senate Amendment 5099. The discretionary spending in Division B is designated as an emergency and not subject to budget enforcement

PAY-AS-YOU-GO SCORECARD FOR THE SENATE

(Revisions Pursuant to Section 3003 of S. Con. Res. 14, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2022) (\$ in billions)

	Balances
Current Balances:	
Fiscal Year 2022	-8.424
Fiscal Years 2022–2026	-75.460
Fiscal Years 2022–2031	-138.777
Revisions:	
Fiscal Year 2022	0.001
Fiscal Years 2022–2026	-5.719
Fiscal Years 2022–2031	-5.318
Revised Balances:	
Fiscal Year 2022	-8.423
Fiscal Years 2022–2026	-81.179
Fiscal Years 2022–2031	- 144.095

NOTICE OF A TIE VOTE UNDER S. RES. 27

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to print the following letter in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

To the Secretary of the Senate:

PN1691, the nomination of The Honorable Elizabeth Frawley Bagley, of Florida, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America

to the Federative Republic of Brazil, having been referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee, with a quorum present, has voted on the nomination as follows-

1.) on the question of reporting the nomination favorably with the recommendation that the nomination be confirmed, 11 ayes to 11 noes; and

2.) in accordance with section 3, paragraph (1)(A) of S. Res. 27 of the 117th Congress, I hereby give notice that the Committee has not reported the nomination because of a tie vote, and ask that this notice be printed in the Record pursuant to the resolution.

ARMS SALES NOTIFICATION

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. President, section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act requires that Congress receive prior notification of certain proposed arms sales as defined by that statute. Upon such notification, the Congress has 30 calendar days during which the sale may be reviewed. The provision stipulates that, in the Senate, the notification of proposed sales shall be sent to the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

In keeping with the committee's intention to see that relevant information is available to the full Senate, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the notifications which have been received. If the cover letter references a classified annex, then such annex is available to all Senators in the office of the Foreign Relations Committee, room SD-423.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

> DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY, Arlington, VA.

Hon. ROBERT MENENDEZ,

Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 36(b)(5)(A) of the Arms Export Control Act (AECA), as amended, we are forwarding Transmittal No. 0I-22. This notification relates to enhancements or upgrades from the level of sensitivity of technology or capability described in the Section 36(b)(1) AECA certification 19-34 of May 3, 2019.

Sincerely,

JAMES A. HURSCH, Director.

Enclosures

TRANSMITTAL NO. 0I–22

Report of Enhancement or Upgrade of Sensitivity of Technology or Capability (Sec. 36(b)(5)(A), AECA)

- (i) Purchaser: Government of the Czech Republic
- (ii) Sec. 36(b)(1), AECA Transmittal No.: 19-34; Date: May 3, 2019; Implementing Agency: Navy.

Funding Source: National Funds.

(iii) Description: On May 3, 2019, Congress was notified by Congressional certification transmittal number 19-34 of the possible sale, under Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, of four (4) AH-1Z attack helicopters, eight (8) T700-GE-701D engines (installed), eight (8) Honeywell Embedded Global Positioning Systems with Inertial Navigation (EGI) and Precise Positioning Service (PPS) (installed), and fourteen (14)

AGM-114 Hellfire missiles. Also included were communication equipment, electronic warfare systems, M197 20mm machine guns, Target Sight System, support equipment, spare engine containers, spare and repair parts, tools and test equipment, technical data and publications, personnel training and training equipment, U.S. government and contractor engineering, technical, and logistics support services, and other related elements of logistics and program support. The total estimated program cost was \$205 million. Major Defense Equipment (MDE) constituted \$180 million of this total.

On August 4, 2020, Congress was notified by Congressional certification transmittal number 0I–20 of the addition of forty-four (44) AGM–114A Hellfire Missiles; four (4) M36E8 Inert Hellfire Captive Air Training Missiles (CATMs); twelve (12) 7.62MM M240D Machine Guns; and one hundred fourteen (114) Advance Precision Kill Weapon System II (APKWS–II) WGU–59/B Guidance Sections. The estimated value of these MDE items was \$9.7 million and resulted in an increase of the estimated MDE cost to \$189.7 million. The total case value increased to \$214.7 million.

This transmittal reports the replacement of fifty-eight (58) AGM-114A Hellfire Missiles (MDE) with fifty-eight (58) AGM-114R (NN) Hellfire Missiles (MDE); four (4) M36E8 Inert Hellfire Captive Air Training Missiles (CATMs) (MDE) with four (4) M36E9 Inert Hellfire CATMs (MDE); and one hundred fourteen (114) Advanced Precision Kill Weapon System (APKWS-II) WGU-59B Guidance Sections (MDE) with one hundred fourteen (114) Advanced Precision Kill Weapon System (APKWS-II) WGU-59/B Guidance Sections (Single Variant) (MDE). No additional quantities will be provided. The estimated MDE value will remain \$189.7 million. The total case value will remain \$214.7 million.

(iv) Significance: These proposed weapons systems will augment the Czech Republic's multi-mission, multi-role helicopters, increasing the Czech Republic's ability to meet current and future threats.

(v) Justification: The proposed sale will support the foreign policy and national security objectives of the United States by improving the security of a NATO ally that is an important force for political stability and economic progress in Europe. It is vital to U.S. national interests to assist the Czech Republic in developing and maintaining a strong and ready self-defense capability.

(vi) Sensitivity of Technology: The AGM-114R Hellfire Missile is an air-to-surface missile with a multi-mission, multi-target, precision strike capability. The M36E9 is an inert Hellfire Captive Air Training Missile.

The Advanced Precision Kill Weapon System (APKWS) is an air-to ground weapon that consists of an APKWS Guidance Section (GS), legacy 2.75-inch MK66 Mod 4 rocket motor, and legacy MK152 and MK435/436 warhead/fuze. The APKWS is a tactical rocket system that can be launched from several platforms, offering multi-mission, multi-target capability and precision-strike lethality. These guided rockets are steered to the target by following reflected laser beam energy directed onto the target either by the launching aircraft, a second aircraft, or ground-based troops operating a laser designator.

The highest level of classification of defense articles, components, and services included in this potential sale is SECRET.

(vii) Date Report Delivered to Congress: June 22, 2022.

ARMS SALES NOTIFICATION

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. President, section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control

Act requires that Congress receive prior notification of certain proposed arms sales as defined by that statute. Upon such notification, the Congress has 30 calendar days during which the sale may be reviewed. The provision stipulates that, in the Senate, the notification of proposed sales shall be sent to the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

In keeping with the committee's intention to see that relevant information is available to the full Senate, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the notifications which have been received. If the cover letter references a classified annex, then such annex is available to all Senators in the office of the Foreign Relations Committee, room SD-423.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

DEFENSE SECURITY
COOPERATION AGENCY,
Arlington, VA.

Hon ROBERT MENENDEZ

Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 36(b)(5)(C) of the Arms Export Control Act (AECA), as amended, we are forwarding Transmittal No. 22–0H. This notification relates to enhancements or upgrades from the level of sensitivity of technology or capability described in the Section 36(b)(1) AECA certification 14–54 of October 6, 2014.

Sincerely,

James A. Hursch, Director.

Enclosures.

TRANSMITTAL NO. 22-0H

Report of Enhancement or Upgrade of Sensitivity of Technology or Capability (Sec. 36(b)(5)(C), AECA)

(i) Purchaser: Government of Estonia.

(ii) Sec. 36(b)(1), AECA Transmittal No.: 14-54; Date: October 6, 2014; Implementing Agency: Army.

Funding Source: National Funds.

(iii) Description: On October 6, 2014, Congress was notified by Congressional certification transmittal number 14-54, of the possible sale, under Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, of three hundred fifty (350) Javelin Guided Missiles, one hundred twenty (120) Command Launch Units (CLU) with Integrated Day/Thermal Sight, one hundred two (102) Battery Coolant Units, sixteen (16) Enhanced Performance Basic Skills Trainers (EPBST), one hundred two (102) Missile Simulation Rounds (MSR), spare and repair parts, rechargeable and non-rechargeable batteries, battery chargers and dischargers, support equipment, publications and technical data, personnel training and training equipment, U.S. Government and contractor representative engineering, technical and logistics support services, and other related logistics support. The estimated total cost was \$55 million. Major Defense Equipment (MDE) constituted \$42 million of this total.

On February 21, 2019, Congress was notified by Congressional certification transmittal number 19-0D, of the inclusion of an additional one hundred thirty (130) Javelin Block 1 (FGM-148) missiles (MDE). The addition of these items resulted in a revised total MDE cost of \$75.6 million. The total estimated case value increased to \$91 million.

This transmittal reports the inclusion of an additional one hundred fifty-six (156) Jav-

elin Block 1 (FGM-148F) missiles (MDE). This inclusion will result in a revised MDE value of \$111.6 million. The total estimated case value will increase to \$127 million.

(iv) Significance: Estonia plays an important role in strengthening deterrence capabilities on the northeastern flank of NATO. Sale of the requested items will significantly enhance this NATO partner's ability to counter threats posed by armored and hardened targets, greatly increasing NATO's overall security, and providing a demonstrable deterrent effect.

(v) Justification: This proposed sale will support the foreign policy and national security of the United States by improving the security of a NATO Ally that continues to be an important force for political stability and economic progress in Europe.

(vi) Sensitivity of Technology: The Sensitivity of Technology statement contained in the original notification applies to items reported here.

The highest level of classification of defense articles, components, and services included in this potential sale is UNCLASSI-FIED

(vii) Date Report Delivered to Congress: June 22, 2022.

ARMS SALES NOTIFICATION

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. President, section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act requires that Congress receive prior notification of certain proposed arms sales as defined by that statute. Upon such notification, the Congress has 30 calendar days during which the sale may be reviewed. The provision stipulates that, in the Senate, the notification of proposed sales shall be sent to the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

In keeping with the committee's intention to see that relevant information is available to the full Senate, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the notifications which have been received. If the cover letter references a classified annex, then such annex is available to all Senators in the office of the Foreign Relations Committee, room SD-423.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

DEFENSE SECURITY
COOPERATION AGENCY,
Arlington, VA.

Hon. ROBERT MENENDEZ,

Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Sectin 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, as amended, we are forwarding herewith Transmittal No. 22–17, concerning the Air Force's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance to NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) as Lead Nation for defense articles and services estimated to cost \$22.7 million. After this letter is delivered to your offie, we plan to issue a news release to notify the public of

this proposed sale. Sincerely,

James A. Hursch,

Director.

Enclosures.

TRANSMITTAL NO. 22–17

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, as amended

(i) Prospective Purchaser: NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) as Lead